



Date : 4th Jan 2024

General Knowledge - Capitals

English

Q:1 Pyongyang is the capital of which country?

1. Maldives
2. Mangolia
3. Malaysia
4. North korea

Q:2 Which district is called the energy capital of Madhya Pradesh ?

1. Bhopal
2. Singrauli
3. Jabalpur
4. Indore

Q:3 Where was the Capital of Raja Veersingh Dev ?

1. Bandhavgarh
2. Gahora
3. Narrow Ki Gardhi
4. Garha Mandala

Q:4 Which one of the following was the capital of the sultanate during the reign of Iltutmish?

1. Agra
2. Lahore
3. Badaun
4. Delhi

Q:5 _____ was the capital of Magadha for several year before is was shifted to Pataliputra.

1. Rajagriha
2. Taxilla
3. Sarnath
4. Ujjain

Q:6 Which of the following was a provincial capital under the rule of Ashoka?

- I. Taxila
- II. Ujjain
1. Neither I nor II
2. Only II
3. Both I and II
4. Only I

Q:7 Which among the following cities of India is called the "Coal Capital of India"?

1. Dhanbad

2. Jamshedpur

3. Durgapur

4. Surat

Q:8 What is the capital city of Libya?

1. Beirut
2. Monaco
3. Rabat
4. Tripoli

Q:9 Which of the following is the capital of Gujarat?

1. Gandhinagar
2. Surat
3. Ahmedabad
4. Vadodara

Q:10 Which of the following was the capital of Vajji gana during Mahajanapadas period?

1. Vaishali
2. Sothivati
3. Viratanagara
4. Kashi

Answer Key

1. (4)	2. (2)	3. (2)	4. (4)	5. (1)
6. (3)	7. (1)	8. (4)	9. (1)	10. (1)

Answers and Solutions

Q:1 The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **North Korea**

The capital and largest city of North Korea is Pyongyang, which is located on the western side of the Korean Peninsula.

Being the hub of the nation's administration and governance, it has enormous political significance. With its broad boulevards, administrative buildings, and imposing monuments, the city has seen significant development and rebuilding.

The Kumsusan Palace of the Sun, Pyongyang's most famous monument, is the mausoleum for North Korea's leaders, Kim Il-sung and Kim Jong-il among them.

The city is also home to famous buildings like the Arch of Triumph, which was modeled after arches seen all around the world, and the Juche Tower, which represents the Juche ideology.

Q:2 The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **Singrauli**.

Singrauli district in Madhya Pradesh is often referred to as the 'Energy Capital of Madhya Pradesh.'

It is the 50th district of the state of Madhya Pradesh. It was granted District status on May 24, 2008.

This district is known for hosting several thermal power plants and coal mines, making it a significant hub for energy production in the state.

Q:3 The correct answer is **Option 2** i.e. **Gahora**

Gahora was the capital of King Veersingh Dev. The home minister of Bundela Rajput leader Raja Veersingh Dev was Gehora.

From 1605 to 1627 he was the ruler of Orchha and one of the prominent kings. Raja Veersingh Dev Bundela ruled Orchha.

The period of Raja Bundela is considered to be the golden period in the history of Bundela dynasty.

It is said that Bundela architecture was at its peak when Raja Veer Singh was ruling Orchha.

He built Orchha and Datia, which are twin forts.

The architectural design, today called the 'Bundela style of architecture', is a synthesis of Mughal, Jain and Rajasthani traditions.

He built temples in the Brajmandal region including Mathura and Vrindavan.

He also built Phool Bagh Garden and Lakshmi Temple.

Q:4 The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **Delhi**.

1. Iltutmish, also called Shams al-Dīn Iltutmish was the third and the greatest Delhi Sultan of the so-called Slave Dynasty.

2. He strengthened and expanded the Muslim empire in northern India and moved the capital to Delhi, where he built the great victory tower, the Qutab Minar.

Q:5 The correct answer is **Option 1** i.e. **Rajagriha**.

Rajagriha was the capital of Magadha for several years before it was shifted to Pataliputra. It was the first capital of the kingdom of Magadha.

Rajagriha was originally known as 'Girivrija' and later came to be known as Rajagriha during the reign of Ajatashatru.

Q:6 The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **Both I and II**

Both Taxila and Ujjain were provincial capitals of the Magadha empire during the reign of Ashoka. The capital of Ashoka's empire was Pataliputra, which is present-day Patna.

Ashoka the Great, was the third Mauryan Emperor of Magadha in the Indian subcontinent during c. 268 to 232 BCE.

Q:7 The correct answer is **Option 1** i.e. **Dhanbad**.

City	State	Known as
Dhanbad	Jharkhand	The Coal Capital of India
Jamshedpur	Jharkhand	Pittsburgh of India
Durgapur	West Bengal	Ruhr of India

Bhagalpur	Bihar	The Silk City of India
Bengaluru	Karnataka	Silicon Valley of India
Surat	Gujarat	Manchester of India
Amritsar	Punjab	Golden City of India
Bhubaneswar	Odisha	Temple City of India
Coorg	Karnataka	Scotland of India
Darjeeling	West Bengal	Queen of the Hills
Jaipur	Rajasthan	Pink City

Q:8 The correct answer is **Option 4** i.e. Tripoli.

Country	Capital	Currency	Region
Lebanon	Beirut	Lebanese Pound	Middle East
Monaco	Monaco	Euro	Europe
Morocco	Rabat	Dirham	North Africa
Libya	Tripoli	Libyan Dinar	North Africa

Q:9 The correct answer is **Option 1** i.e. **Gandhinagar**.

Gandhinagar is the capital of Gujarat. It is named after the father of the nation Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhinagar is situated on the banks of the river Sabarmati.

In 1960, Bombay State was split into two different states, Gujarat and Maharashtra. Ahmedabad became the capital of Gujarat and remained so from 1960 to 1970.

A new capital city was to be built and in 1965, the construction work of Gandhinagar began.

The capital was shifted to Gandhinagar in 1971.

H.K. Mewada and Prakash Mapte designed the new capital.

It is India's second properly planned city after Chandigarh.

Q:10 The correct answer is **Option 1** i.e. **Vaishali**.

In the Mahajanapadas era, Vaishali (or Vajji) held prominence as a significant ancient republic in India.

Serving as the capital of the Vajji ganas or the Vajji confederation, Vaishali was distinguished for its republican style of governance, playing a pivotal role in shaping the political and cultural dynamics of ancient India.