



Date : 28th Nov 2023

General Knowledge - Rajya Sabha

English

Q:1 How many total Rajya Sabha seats are there in Madhya Pradesh?

1. 29
2. 230
3. 11
4. 21

Q:2 A Money Bill passed by Lok Sabha is deemed to have been passed by Rajya Sabha also if the Upper House takes no action within _____.

1. 10 days
2. 14 days
3. 3 weeks
4. one month

Q:3 In which of the following years was the Rajya Sabha first constituted?

1. 1950
2. 1948
3. 1952
4. 1947

Q:4 The tenure of a member of the Rajya Sabha is _____.

1. 2 years
2. 4 years
3. 5 years
4. 6 years

Q:5 Which among the following schedules of Indian Constitution include allocation of seats by the states and union territories in Rajya Sabha?

1. Fifth Schedule
2. Second Schedule
3. Third Schedule
4. Fourth Schedule

Q:6 According to the _____, the President can nominate 12 persons to Rajya Sabha.

1. Article 80
2. Article 360
3. Article 78
4. Article 72

Q:7 How many members can be appointed in Rajya Sabha from Uttar Pradesh?

1. 22
2. 39
3. 31
4. 18

Q:8 What is the minimum age limit to be a member of Rajya Sabha?

1. 35 years
2. 30 years
3. 25 years
4. 21 years

Q:9 What is the term of an MP serving in Rajya Sabha?

1. 2 years
2. 6 years
3. 5 years
4. 4 years

Q:10 The Rajya Sabha's maximum permitted strength is _____.

1. 550
2. 552
3. 250
4. 245

Answer Key

1. (3)	2. (2)	3. (3)	4. (4)	5. (4)
6. (1)	7. (3)	8. (2)	9. (2)	10. (3)

Answers and Solutions

Q:1 The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **11**.

The total Rajya Sabha seats in Madhya Pradesh are 11.

The total Lok Sabha seats in Madhya Pradesh are 29.

The total number of Vidhan Sabha seats in Madhya Pradesh is 230.

Q:2 The correct answer is **Option 2** i.e. **14 days**.

A Bill is a draft statute which becomes law after it is passed by both the Houses of Parliament and assented to by the President. All legislative proposals are brought before Parliament in the forms of Bills.

Money Bills are those Bills which contain only provisions dealing with all or any of the matters specified in sub-clauses (a) to (f) of clause (1) of Article 110 of the Constitution.

In case a Money Bill is not returned by the Rajya Sabha to the Lok Sabha within a period of fourteen days from the date of its receipt, it is deemed to have been passed by both Houses in the form in which it was passed by the Lok Sabha after the expiry of said period.

Q:3 The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **1952**

The Rajya Sabha was first constituted on 3 April 1952.

The Council of States would now be known in Hindi as 'Rajya Sabha,' the Rajya Sabha Chairman announced in the House on August 23, 1954.

On May 13, 1952, the Rajya Sabha convened for the first time.

The first Rajya Sabha Chairman was Dr. S. Radhakrishnan.

The First Deputy Chairman of the Rajya Sabha was Shri SV Krishnamoorthy Rao.

Q:4 The correct answer is **Option 4** i.e. **6 years**.

The tenure of a Member of the Rajya Sabha is 6 years.

The Rajya Sabha was first constituted in 1952. It is a continuing chamber, i.e. it is a permanent body and not subject to dissolution. Elections are held every two years, and 1/3 (one-third) of its members retire every two years.

Q:5 The correct answer is **Option 4** i.e. **Fourth Schedule**.

Fifth Schedule: Provisions relating to the administration and control of scheduled areas and scheduled tribes

Second Schedule: Provisions relating to the emoluments, allowances, privileges of public officials, judges, and the Comptroller and Auditor General, etc

Third Schedule: Forms of Oaths or Affirmations for elected officials and judges

Fourth Schedule: Allocation of seats in the Rajya Sabha to the states and the union territories

Q:6 The correct answer is **Option 1** i.e. **Article 80**.

Article 80 of the Constitution of India provides that the President can nominate 12 persons to Rajya Sabha with special knowledge to the council of states. Such people shall have special knowledge in science, art, literature and social service.

Q:7 The correct answer is **Option 3** i.e. **31**.

State	Uttar Pradesh
Capital	Lucknow
Governor	Smt. Anandiben Patel
Chief Minister	Shri Yogi Aditya Nath
Lok Sabha Constituencies	80
Rajya Sabha Members	31
Assembly Constituencies	403

Q:8 The correct answer is **Option 2** i.e. **30 years**. In order to be a member of the **Rajya Sabha**, a person must be a citizen of India and not less than **30 years** of age.

In the case of **Lok Sabha**, a person must be a citizen of India and not less than 25 years of age.

The Rajya Sabha or Council of States is the upper house of the bicameral Parliament of India.

Rajya Sabha has a maximum membership of **245**, of which 233 are elected by the legislatures of the states and union territories using single transferable votes through Open Ballot and another 12 members appointed by the President for their contributions to art, literature, science, and social services.

one-third of the members retire every second year and are replaced by newly elected members.

The Vice President of India (Currently Venkaiah Naidu) is the ex-officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha, who presides over its sessions.

Q:9 The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **6 years**.

MP serving in Rajya Sabha	Rajya Sabha is a permanent body and is not subject to dissolution.
	However, one-third of the members retire every second year and are replaced by newly elected members.
	Each member is elected for a term of six years.
	The Vice President of India is the ex-officio Chairman of Rajya Sabha.

Q:10 The correct answer is **Option 3** i.e. **250**

The Rajya Sabha has a maximum strength of **250 members**.

According to Article 80 of the Indian Constitution, the Rajya Sabha, or Upper House of Parliament, can have a maximum of 250 members.

238 of the 250 members are from the states and union territories, with 12 being appointed by the president.

The Vice-President of India is the Rajya Sabha's ex-officio Chairman.