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**Date:** 15th Dec 2023

# Quantitative Aptitude - Interest

**English** 

Q:1 The compound interest on Rs 5000 for 3 years at 8% for the first year, 6% for second year and 10% for the third year will be? (in Rs.)

- **1.** 1296.4
- **2.** 1380
- 3.1254.6
- **4.** 1200

Q:2 A sum becomes Rs. 880 in 2 years at the rate of 5% per annum at simple interest. Find the amount one receives if he invests the initial amount at compound interest on the same rate and time.

- 1. Rs 852
- 2. Rs 852
- 3. Rs 892
- 4. Rs 882

Q:3 A bank offers 10% interest yearly and the interest is compounded half yearly. A customer deposits Rs. 10000. At the end of the year, what would be the interest he gains?

- 1. Rs 1000
- 2. Rs 1025
- 3. Rs 10250
- **4.** Rs 1250

Q:4 The difference between Compound interest and Simple interest for 3 years at 8% per annum is Rs 584. What will be the difference between Compound interest and Simple interest of 2 years if Compound interest is calculated half yearly and Simple interest is calculated annually?

- 1. Rs. 292.05
- 2. Rs. 297.64
- 3. Rs. 307.45
- 4. Rs. 312.60

Q:5 The simple interest received by a person in 15 years on a certain sum at 10% is Rs 1170 more than the simple interest received in 12 years on the same sum at 6%. Find the sum.

- 1. Rs 1560
- 2. Rs 1500
- 3. Rs 1250
- 4. Rs 720

Q:6 Ramesh took Rs 120000 and Rs 180000 from

two different companies. If both companies charge a 6% interest rate, then find the difference between the interest amounts after three years.

- 1. Rs 10200
- 2. Rs 9000
- 3. Rs 10800
- 4. Rs 14500

Q:7 Shyam invests Rs. 24,000 in a scheme for 2 years at the rate of 10% per annum compounded half-yearly. Calculate the interest. (approx.)

- 1. Rs. 5,172
- 2. Rs. 5,000
- 3. Rs. 5.174
- 4. Rs. 5,132

Q:8 The simple interest on a certain sum at 3.5% per annum for 5 years is Rs 1224. What would be the interest if the sum is tripled at the same rate and for the same time?

- **1.** Rs 1272
- 2. Rs 3672
- 3. Rs 3224
- 4. Rs 2448

Q:9 Mr. John borrowed Rs 8000 and Rs 14000 from his friend at the rate of 8% and 5% respectively. What will be the difference in the amount after 3 years, if the interest is calculated at simple interest?

- 1. Rs 180
- 2. Rs 5890
- 3. Rs 890
- 4. Rs 6180

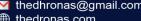
Q:10 Ram lends an amount Rs 1.5 lakhs at 33% per 1.5 years on simple interest. What will be the difference in interest amount after 3 years, if he lends the amount at same rate of compound interest instead?

- 1. Rs 20563
- 2. Rs 22550.8
- 3. Rs 25000
- 4. Rs 23377.2





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English

## Answer Key

1 (1)	2 (4)	3 (2)	<b>4</b> (1)	5 (2)	
1. (1)	<b>2.</b> (¬)	J. (Z)		<b>3.</b> (2)	
<b>6.</b> (3)	<b>7</b> (1)	8 (2)	9 (4)	<b>10</b> . (4)	
<b>0.</b> (3)	<b>/</b> • (   <i>)</i>	<b>□</b> . (∠)	J. (Ŧ)	1 O. (¬)	

### Answers and Solutions

Q:1 The correct answer is option 1 i.e. 1296.4 Given,

Rate for 1st year = 8%

Rate for 2nd year = 6%

Rate for 3rd year = 10%

Principal = Rs 5000

For 1st year, Interest =  $(5000 \times 8)/100 = 400$ 

For 2nd year, principal = 5000 + 400 = 5400

Interest amount on 2nd year =  $(5400 \times 6)/100 =$ 

324

For 3rd year, principal = 5400 + 324 = 5724

Interest amount on 3rd year =  $(5724 \times 10)/100 =$ 527.4

Hence, Total interest for three years = 400 + 324 +

527.4 = Rs 1296.4

Q:2 The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Rs 882.

Rate = 5%

Time = 2 years

Principal = P

Amount at SI = Rs. 880

 $\Rightarrow$  SI = (P × R × T)/100

 $\Rightarrow$  SI/P =  $(5 \times 2)/100$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  SI : P = 10 : 100

 $\Rightarrow$  (SI + P) = (10 + 100) = 110 units

Here, 110 units = 880 (given)

So,  $100 \text{ units} = (880/110) \times 100 = 800$ 

Hence, P = Rs 800

The formula for CI:

 $A = P[1 + r/100]^{nt}$ 

n = 1

Amount =  $800 [1 + 5/100]^2$ 

 $\Rightarrow 800 [21/20]^2$ 

 $\Rightarrow 800 \times 21/20 \times 21/20$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  (2 × 21 × 21) = Rs. 882

Q:3 The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Rs.1025

If the interest is compounded half-yearly the rate

will be half and time will be double.

 $CI = P(1 + R/100)^n - P$ 

If interest is compounded half-yearly

The rate will be half = 10/2 = 5%

Time =  $1 \times 2 = 2$  half years

 $CI = 10000(1 + 5/100)^2 - 10000 = 10000(21/20)^2 -$ 

10000 = 10000(441/400 - 1) = 10000(41/400)

= 4100/4 = Rs. 1025

Q:4 The correct answer is Option 1 i.e. Rs. 292.05.

Difference between C.I and S.I. for 3 years

Difference =  $P \times R^2(300 + R)/(100)^3$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  584 = P × 8<sup>2</sup>(300 + 8)/(100)<sup>3</sup>

 $\Rightarrow 584 \times (100)^3 = P \times 64 \times 308$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  P = 584 × (100)<sup>3</sup>/64 × 308

 $\Rightarrow$  P = Rs. 29626.6

Difference between C.I and S.I. for 2 years

 $\Rightarrow$  S.I. for 2 years = (PRT/100) = (29626.6 × 8 ×

2)/100 = Rs. 4740.25

C.I. for 2 years when invested half-yearly = P(1 + $R/200)^{2t'}$  - P = 29626.6(1 + 8/200)<sup>4</sup> - 29626.6 =

 $29626.6(26/25)^4 - 29626.6 = 34658.9 - 29626.6 =$ 

Rs. 5032.3

Difference between Compound Interest and Simple Interest for 2 years = Rs. (5032.3 - 4740.25) = Rs.

292.05

Q:5 The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Rs 1500.

Simple Interest =  $(Principal \times rate \times time)/100$ 

Let the sum be P

The SI for 15 years at  $10\% = (P \times 10 \times 15)/100 = 3P/2$ 

The SI for 12 years at  $6\% = (P \times 12 \times 6)/100 =$ 

18P/25

According to question,

(3P/2) - (18P/25) = 1170

 $\Rightarrow$  (75P - 36P)/50 = 1170

 $\Rightarrow$  39P/50 = 1170

 $\Rightarrow P = (1170 \times 50)/39$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  P = 1500

Q:6 The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Rs 10800

Rate of interest = r = 6%

Amount taken from Company I = Rs 120000

Amount taken from Company II = Rs 180000

Time = t = 3 years







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For company I,

Simple Interest =  $(120000/100) \times 6 \times 3 = Rs 21600$ 

For company II,

Simple Interest =  $(180000/100) \times 6 \times 3 = \text{Rs } 32400$ 

Difference in interest amount is = Rs (32400 -

21600) = Rs 10800

Q:7 The correct answer is Option 1 i.e. Rs. 5,172

C.I = P ×  $(1 + R/(100))^T$  - P, Where P = Principle, R

= Rate. T= Time

and C.I. is the compound interest

 $\Rightarrow$  C.I = P × (1 + 10/200)<sup>2</sup> - P

 $\Rightarrow$  C.I = 24,000  $\times$  (21/20)<sup>4</sup> - 24,000

 $\Rightarrow$  C.I = 29172.15 - 24000

 $\Rightarrow$  C.I = 29172 - 24000 = 5172 (29172.15 ~ 29172)

Q:8 The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Rs 3672.

 $SI = (Principal \times Rate \times Time)/100$ 

If the rate and time remain same, simple interest is directly proportional to the sum.

Hence,

Interest if the sum is tripled =  $3 \times 1224$  = Rs. 3672

Q:9 The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Rs 6180

CASE 1:

P = Rs 8000

Rate = r = 8%

Time = t = 3 years

Interest amount = (P/100)rt = (8000/100)  $(8 \times 3)$ 

 $= 80 \times 24 = Rs 1920$ 

CASE 2:

P = Rs 14000

Rate = r = 5%

Time = t = 3 years

Interest amount = (P/100)rt = (14000/100) (5 × 3)

 $= 140 \times 15 = Rs 2100$ 

Now.

Amount of Case 1 = P + interest amount = 8000 +

1920 = 9920

Amount of Case 2 = P + interest amount = 14000

+ 2100 = 16100

Difference = Rs(16100 - 9920) = Rs 6180

Q:10 The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Rs 23377.2

Given,

Principal = P = Rs 150000

Rate of Interest = r = 33/1.5 = 22% per annum

Time = t = 3 years

Formula:

Simple interest = [(P/100)rt] =  $(150000/100)3 \times 22$ 

 $= 1500 \times 3 \times 22 = Rs 99000$ 

Compound Interest =  $P(1 + r/100)^t - P = 150000 (1)$ 

 $+22/100)^3 - 150000 = (150000 \times 122/100 \times 122/100)^3$  $122/100 \times 122/100) - 150000 = 0.15 \times 122 \times 122 \times 122$ - 150000 = Rs 272377.2 - 150000 = Rs 122377.2

Difference of CI and SI = CI - SI = Rs (122377.2 -

99000) = Rs 23377.2

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